

## **National 5 Mathematics**

### **Vectors - Solutions**

Marks are indicated in brackets after each question number

#### 2014 Paper 1 Question 4, (2)

$$2\underline{u} - \underline{v} = 2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 10 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2014 Paper 2 Question 2, (2)

$$B = (8, 4, 10)$$

$$C = (4, 0, 10)$$

#### 2015 Paper 2 Question 4, (2)

$$|\underline{u}| = \sqrt{6^2 + (-13)^2 + 18^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{529}$$
$$= 23$$

#### 2015 Paper 2 Question 5, (2)

$$\underline{p} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \underline{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{p} + \underline{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

#### 2016 Paper 1 Question 1, (2)

$$\frac{1}{2}\underline{p} + \underline{q} = \frac{1}{2} \binom{4}{-6} + \binom{-5}{-1}$$
$$= \binom{2}{-3} + \binom{-5}{-1}$$
$$= \binom{-3}{-4}$$



## 2016 Paper 2 Question 3, (1)

$$\overrightarrow{BD} = \underline{v} - \underline{u}$$

## 2017 Paper 2 Question 8, (1) (2)

**a)** 
$$\overrightarrow{PR} = -\underline{d} - \underline{c}$$

**b)** 
$$\overrightarrow{TV} = \overrightarrow{TP} + \frac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{PR}$$
  

$$= -\underline{d} + \frac{1}{2}(-\underline{d} - \underline{c})$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2}\underline{d} - \frac{1}{2}\underline{c}$$

#### 2018 Paper 1 Question 13, (2)

$$B = (4, 8, 5)$$

$$C = (6, 8, 0)$$

### 2018 Paper 2 Question 3, (2)

$$|\underline{r}| = \sqrt{24^2 + (-12)^2 + 8^2}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{784}$   
= 28

## 2018 Paper 2 Question 10, (2)

$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AE} + \overrightarrow{ED} + \overrightarrow{DC}$$

$$= -\underline{u} - \underline{w} + 2\underline{u} + \frac{1}{2}\underline{w}$$

$$= \underline{u} - \frac{1}{2}\underline{w}$$

# 2019 Paper 1 Question 10, (1) (2)

a) 
$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \overrightarrow{PR} + \overrightarrow{RQ}$$
  

$$= \binom{6}{-4} + \binom{-1}{8}$$

$$= \binom{5}{4}$$



**b)** 
$$\overrightarrow{MQ} = \overrightarrow{MP} + \overrightarrow{PQ}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{RP} + \overrightarrow{PQ}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{PR} + \overrightarrow{PQ}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

# 2019 Paper 2 Question 2, (2)

$$\left| \underline{p} \right| = \sqrt{6^2 + 27^2 + (-18)^2}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{1089}$   
= 33